Serial No.: 10/749,333

Filed : December 29, 2003 Page : 3 of 16

## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

## LISTING OF CLAIMS:

1. (Currently Amended) A computer readable medium network address, comprising: a network address comprising:

prefix bits encoded to identify the network address as a selected one of a unicast network address, an anycast network address, and both the unicast and the anycast network address;

anycast scope identifier bits to identify an anycast scope, wherein the anycast scope corresponds to a network scope within which the anycast network address is recognized; and

anycast group identifier bits to identify an anycast group having one or more anycast members, wherein each of the one or more anycast members is associated with the same anycast network address.

2. (Currently Amended) The computer readable medium network address of Claim 1, wherein the prefix bits include at least two prefix bits as the three most significant bits of the

Serial No.: 10/749,333

: December 29, 2003 Filed

: 4 of 16 Page

network address, and the anycast group identifier bits include at least thirty-two bits as the least significant bits of the network address.

3. (Currently Amended) The computer readable medium network address of Claim 1, wherein the anycast scope bits include at least two bits adapted to identify a selected one of a node local scope, a link local scope, a site local scope, and a global scope.

- 4. (Currently Amended) The computer readable medium network address of Claim 1, wherein the network address has a network address length of one hundred twenty eight bits, and the network address is compatible with Internet protocol version six (IPv6).
- 5. (Currently Amended) The computer readable medium network address of Claim 4, wherein top level aggregation identifier, next-level aggregation identifier, and site-level aggregation identifier portions of the one hundred twenty eight network address bits are at the same bit locations and have the same function for both the anycast network address and for the unicast network address.
- 6. (Original) A network router including one or more routing tables having one or more entries, the entries comprising:

prefix bits encoded to identify the network address as a selected one of a unicast network address, an anycast network address, and both the unicast and the anycast network address;

Attorney Docket No.: INTEL-018PUS Applicants: Karuppiah Kandasamy Ettikan Intel Docket No.: P16859

Serial No. : 10/749,333

Filed: December 29, 2003

: 5 of 16 Page

anycast scope identifier bits to identify an anycast scope, wherein the anycast scope corresponds to a network scope within which the anycast network address is recognized; and anycast group identifier bits to identify an anycast group having one or more anycast members, wherein each of the one or more anycast members is associated with the same anycast network address.

- 7. (Original) The network router of Claim 6, wherein the prefix bits include at least two prefix bits as the three most significant bits of the network address, and the anycast group identifier bits include at least thirty-two bits as the least significant bits of the network address.
- 8. (Original) The network router of Claim 6, wherein the anycast scope bits include at least two bits adapted to identify a selected one of a node local scope, a link local scope, a site local scope, and a global scope.
- 9. (Original) The network router of Claim 6, wherein the network address has a network address length of one hundred twenty eight bits, and the network address is compatible with Internet protocol version six (IPv6).
- 10. (Original) The network router of Claim 9, wherein top level aggregation identifier, next-level aggregation identifier, and site-level aggregation identifier portions of the one hundred twenty eight network address bits are at the same bit locations and have the same function for both the anycast network address and for the unicast network address.

Serial No.: 10/749,333

Filed : December 29, 2003 Page : 6 of 16

11. (Original) A method of routing a network packet having a network address,

comprising:

receiving the network packet; and

decoding prefix bits associated with the network address to identify the network address

as being a selected one of a unicast network address and an anycast network address.

12. (Original) The method of Claim 11, wherein the prefix bits include at least two bits

encoded to indicate a selected one of the unicast network address, the anycast network address,

and both the unicast network address and the anycast network address.

13. (Original) The method of Claim 11, further including:

performing lookups associated with the network address in one or more routing tables;

identifying an output port from the successive lookups;

sending, if the output port is identified and if the network address is the unicast network

address, the network packet to the identified output port; and

sending, if the output port is identified and if the network address is the anycast network

address, the network packet to the identified output port.

14. (Original) The method of Claim 13, further including:

if the output port is identified as more than one output port and if the network address is

the anycast network address:

Applicants: Karuppiah Kandasamy Ettikan Attorney Docket No.: INTEL-018PUS

Intel Docket No.: P16859

Serial No. : 10/749,333

Filed: December 29, 2003

Page : 7 of 16

examining port metrics associated with the more than one output port;

identifying one output port from among the more than one output port based upon the

metrics; and

sending the network packet to the identified output port.

15. (Original) The method of Claim 13, wherein one of the one or more routing tables is

associated with sixteen most significant bits of the network address.

16. (Original) The method of Claim 13, wherein one of the one or more routing tables is

associated with sixteen most significant bits of the network address and other ones of the one or

more routing tables are associated with respective groups of eight bits of the network address.

17. (Original) A method of generating a routing table associated with a network packet

having a network address, comprising:

receiving the network packet;

decoding prefix bits associated with the network address to identify the network address

as being a selected one of a unicast network address and an anycast network address;

performing lookups associated with selected ones of the bits of the network address in

one or more routing tables to identify a matching route stored in the one or more routing tables;

changing, if the matching route is identified and if the matching route corresponds to the

unicast network address and if the network address is the anycast network address, the prefix bits

associated with the matching route stored in the one or more routing tables to indicate that the

Applicants: Karuppiah Kandasamy Ettikan

Serial No.: 10/749,333

Filed: December 29, 2003

Page

: 8 of 16

matching route corresponds to both the unicast network address and the anycast network address;

and

changing, if the matching route is identified and if the matching route corresponds to an

Attorney Docket No.: INTEL-018PUS

Intel Docket No.: P16859

anycast network address and if the network address is the unicast network address, the prefix bits

associated with the matching route stored in the one or more routing tables to indicate that the

matching route corresponds to both the unicast network address and the anycast network address.

18. (Original) The method of Claim 17, wherein the selected ones of the bits of the

network address correspond to sixty-one bits.

19. (Original) The method of Claim 17, wherein the prefix bits include at least two bits

encoded to indicate a selected one of the unicast network address, the anycast network address,

and both the unicast network address and the anycast network address.

20. (Original) The method of Claim 17, wherein one of the one or more routing tables is

associated with sixteen most significant bits of the network address.

21. (Original) The method of Claim 17, wherein one of the one or more routing tables is

associated with sixteen most significant bits of the network address and other ones of the one or

more routing tables are associated with respective groups of eight bits of the network address.

Serial No.: 10/749,333

Filed: December 29, 2003

: 9 of 16 Page

22. (Original) A computer readable medium having computer readable code thereon for routing a network packet having a network address, comprising:

instruction for receiving the network packet; and

instructions for decoding prefix bits associated with the network address to identify the network address as being a selected one of a unicast network address and an anycast network address.

23. (Original) The computer readable medium of Claim 22, wherein the prefix bits include at least two bits encoded to indicate a selected one of the unicast network address, the anycast network address, and both the unicast network address and the anycast network address.

24. (Original) The computer readable medium of Claim 22, further including: instructions for performing lookups associated with the network address in one or more

routing tables;

instructions for identifying an output port from the successive lookups;

instruction for deciding if the output port is identified and if the network address is the unicast network address, and in response thereto, instructions for sending the network packet to the identified output port; and

instruction for deciding if the output port is identified and if the network address is the anycast network address, and in response thereto, instructions for sending the network packet to the identified output port.

Applicants: Karuppiah Kandasamy Ettikan Attorney Docket No.: INTEL-018PUS

Intel Docket No.: P16859

Serial No.: 10/749,333

Filed : December 29, 2003 Page : 10 of 16

25. (Original) The computer programmable medium of Claim 24, further including: instruction for deciding if the output port is identified as more than one output port and if the network address is the anycast network address, and in response thereto:

instructions for examining port metrics associated with the more than one output port, instructions for identifying one output port from among the more than one output port based upon the metrics; and

instructions for sending the network packet to the identified output port.

- 26. (Original) The computer readable medium of Claim 24, wherein one of the one or more routing tables is associated with sixteen most significant bits of the network address.
- 27. (Original) The computer readable medium of Claim 24, wherein one of the one or more routing tables is associated with sixteen most significant bits of the network address and other ones of the one or more routing tables are associated with respective groups of eight bits of the network address.
- 28. (Original) A computer readable medium having computer readable code thereon for generating a routing table associated with a network packet having a network address, comprising:

instructions for receiving the network packet;

Applicants: Karuppiah Kandasamy Ettikan

Serial No.: 10/749,333

Filed: December 29, 2003

Page

: 11 of 16

instructions for decoding prefix bits associated with the network address to identify the network address as being a selected one of a unicast network address and an anycast network address;

Attorney Docket No.: INTEL-018PUS

Intel Docket No.: P16859

instructions for performing lookups associated with selected ones of the bits of the network address in one or more routing tables to identify a matching route stored in the one or more routing tables;

instructions for deciding if the matching route is identified and if the matching route corresponds to the unicast network address and if the network address is the anycast network address, and in response thereto for changing the prefix bits associated with the matching route stored in the one or more routing tables to indicate that the matching route corresponds to both the unicast network address and the anycast network address; and

instructions for deciding if the matching route is identified and if the matching route corresponds to the anycast network address and if the network address is the unicast network address, and in response thereto for changing the prefix bits associated with the matching route stored in the one or more routing tables to indicate that the matching route corresponds to both the unicast network address and the anycast network address.

29. (Original) The computer readable medium of Claim 28, wherein the selected ones of the bits of the network address correspond to sixty-one bits.

Serial No. : 10/749,333

Filed : December 29, 2003 Page : 12 of 16

30. (Original) The computer readable medium of Claim 28, wherein the prefix bits include at least two bits encoded to indicate a selected one of the unicast network address, the anycast network address, and both the unicast network address and the anycast network address.

31. (Original) The computer readable medium of Claim 28, wherein one of the one or more routing tables is associated with sixteen most significant bits of the network address.

32. (Original) The computer readable medium of Claim 28, wherein one of the one or more routing tables is associated with sixteen most significant bits of the network address and other ones of the one or more routing tables are associated with respective groups of eight bits of the network address.